

**Territory-wide System Assessment 2013**  
**Secondary 3 English Language**

**Tapescript Part 3 (9EL1) & Part 2 (9EL2)**

**Narrator**      *Your class is going to do a presentation on wild animals. Listen to the Wild Animals programme that your English teacher has prepared for you.*

Listen to the programme and answer the questions. The programme will be played twice. Do as much as you can the first time and answer all questions the second time. You now have 30 seconds to read the questions. (*music 30 secs.*)

The listening will begin now.

**[Announcer**      Tonight on Wild Animals we are taking a look at some wild animals and their habitats. We start with Animals on the African Plains.

**Keeper 1**      Here on the plains the animals eat the leaves and wild grasses. One animal that lives on the plains is the giraffe.

The giraffe stands out among all of the plains animals because it has a very long neck and long legs. These are used by the giraffe to gain access to tall trees so that it can eat the leaves and berries. It's also amazing to see this strange looking animal run.

The giraffe is also the tallest animal in the world.

*PAUSE 2 secs*

**Announcer**      Animals in the Jungle

**Keeper 2**      Meet the tiger. Tigers are able to swim and like to bathe in rivers, ponds and lakes. The stripes on a tiger are used for camouflage to help it from being seen by its enemies.

The tiger is an endangered animal but also a very dangerous one. It's sometimes called a man-eater as it will attack humans when it feels threatened.

A lot of tiger attacks have happened in India. The human population is moving in on the habitat where the tigers live. Humans and tigers just do not mix!

*PAUSE 2 secs*

**Announcer**      Animals in the Ocean

**Keeper 1**

Meet the seal. The seal has waterproof fur. It also has a layer of fat known as blubber which helps to keep it warm. Seals can hold their breath underwater for two hours and they even sleep in the water!

Seals do not have many predators, but two animals that attack and eat seals for their fat and meat are the great white shark and killer whales. Both the whales and sharks like to play with their prey before they attack and kill it.

It's not a nice thing to see, but it's hard to believe that such big animals can be so quiet before an attack. The poor seals do not notice anything until it's too late to escape!]

**Narrator**

Now listen to the programme again. *{Repeat []}*

**Narrator**

You have 30 seconds to check your answers. *(music 30 secs.)*

This is the end of Part 2 / 3.

This is the end of the listening paper.