# 2017 年小六全港性系統評估 便覽

Territory-wide System Assessment 2017 (Primary 6) Quick Guide

> 第三乙部分 Part 3b

英國語文科 (小學六年級) English Language (Primary 6)

## 1. Scope of the Assessment

- Based on the Tryout Version of the Proposed Basic Competency (BC) Descriptors at the end of Key Stage 2 (Primary 6) (see Appendix), *English Language Education: Key Learning Area: English Language Curriculum Guide (Primary 1 6), CDC, 2004* and the *CDC Syllabus for English Language (Primary 1 6) 1997*
- Balanced coverage of the learning targets in the three Strands (i.e. Interpersonal Strand (IS), Knowledge Strand (KS) and Experience Strand (ES)) and the four language skills (i.e. listening, reading, writing and speaking)
- Meaningful contexts provided for students to activate their knowledge, skills and strategies in the purposeful use of English

#### 2. Format of the Assessment

## A. Listening, Reading and Writing (Written Assessment)

Skills	Listening	Reading and Writing
Paper Code	6EL1 / 6EL2 / 6EL3	6ERW1 / 6ERW2 / 6ERW3
Duration	about 30 minutes	50 minutes
Question Types	<ul><li>MC questions</li><li>Filling in blanks</li><li>Sequencing</li><li>Form-filling</li></ul>	Reading  MC questions  Filling in blanks  Sequencing  Writing  Extended writing
Remarks	<ul> <li>Each student will attempt one of the sub-papers only.</li> <li>Each sub-paper consists of three listening tasks.</li> <li>The conversation will be played once or twice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Each student will attempt one of the sub-papers only.</li> <li>Each sub-paper consists of four reading tasks and one writing task.</li> <li>Each student is required to write about 80 words in the writing task.</li> </ul>

# **B.** Speaking (Oral Assessment)

Components	Reading Aloud & Teacher-Student Interaction	Presentation	
No. of Sub-papers	6	6	
Paper Code	6ES01 / 6ES03 / 6ES05 /	6ES02 / 6ES04 / 6ES06 /	
	6ES07 / 6ES09 / 6ES11	6ES08 / 6ES10 / 6ES12	
Duration	Preparation Time: 2 minutes Assessment Time: 3 minutes	Preparation Time: 3 minutes Assessment Time: 2 minutes	
Stationery	NIL	pencil and paper provided by HKEAA	
Remarks	<ul> <li>Schools will be informed of t day of the assessment.</li> <li>Each student will attempt one</li> <li>One internal Oral Examiner a</li> </ul>	and one external Oral Examiner ent and independently rate ALL	

# 3. Sample Items

The following sample items aim at providing schools and teachers with some ideas of the design of the Primary 6 Territory-wide System Assessment of English Language. The sample items are for teachers' reference only.

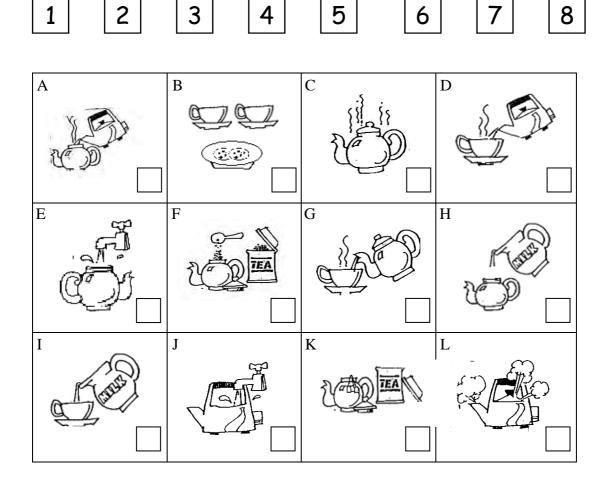
# A. Sample Items on Listening

# Sample 1

Jenny's mum is telling her how to make a cup of tea.

Listen to what Jenny and her mum say.

Write the number in the correct box.



Please go to the following website to listen to the conversation: <a href="http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample1.mp3">http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample1.mp3</a>

## Sample 1

## **Tapescript**

Narrator : Jenny's mum is telling her how to make a cup of tea.

You now have 15 seconds to study the pictures below (15-second music). Listen to what Jenny and her mum say. The conversation will be played two times. When you hear a beep (beep), write the number in the correct box. The

conversation will begin now.

[Mum : Jenny, I'm thirsty. Can you please make some tea?

Jenny : Mum, I'm no good at making tea.

Mum : Oh, come on then – let me show you how.

Jenny : Alright, Mum.

Mum : First, fill the kettle with water. // (beep) (No. 1) (15-second pause)

Jenny : Then, do I boil the water?

Mum : Yes, boil the water. // (beep) (No. 2) (15-second pause)

Jenny : When do I put the tea into the teapot?

Mum : Do that now. Put in three teaspoons – one for you, one for me and one for the

teapot. // (beep) (No. 3) (15-second pause)

Jenny : Next, fill the teapot with boiling water?

Mum : Yes, that's right, Jenny. // (beep) (No. 4) (15-second pause) Don't pour the tea

yet. Leave it for a few minutes so that it will taste nice. // (beep) (No. 5) (15-

second pause)

Jenny : OK, then I'll pour the milk into the cups. // (beep) (No. 6) (15-second pause)

Mum : And finally, pour the tea. // (beep) (No. 7) (15-second pause)

Let's have it with some biscuits.

Jenny : Great! Now I know how to make a cup of tea. // (beep) (No. 8)

(15-second pause)]

Narrator : Listen to the conversation again and check your answers.

Repeat [ ]

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	1. J - ✓ E - null  Score of 1  2. L - ✓ 3. F - ✓ K - null  Score of 1  4. A - ✓ D - null  Score of 1  5. C - ✓ 6. I - ✓ H - null  Score of 1  7. G  8. B	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.

Karen faxed an application form to one of the sports clubs. A clerk from the club phoned her to check her information.

Listen to the conversation and help the clerk complete the form.

Write the correct answer.

	] Mem	Photo Here			
Name: (1)			Sex:	M <b>☑</b> F	
Age: (2)					
Address:	Flat:	(3)			
	Floor:	(4)			
	Building:	(5)			
	District:	(6)			
School: (7)			<del> </del>	<del></del>	
Class: (8) P	rimary		_		
Membershi	p Fee: (9) \$ _				
Payment D	ate: (10)(D	ay) / (1	Month)		
Parent's/Gu	ıardian's Nan	ne: (11) _			

Please go to the following website to listen to the conversation: <a href="http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample2.mp3">http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample2.mp3</a>

## Sample 2

## **Tapescript**

Narrator : Karen faxed an application form to one of the sports clubs. A clerk from the club

phoned her to check her information.

You now have 15 seconds to study the form below. (15-second music)

Listen to the conversation and help the clerk complete the form. When you hear a beep (beep), write the correct answer. The conversation will be played two times.

The conversation will begin now.

[Clerk : Good afternoon. May I speak to Karen Lu, please?

Karen : Yes, speaking.

Clerk : Hi, I'm Mike Wong from Healthy Sports Club. We received your application

form yesterday. I would like to check your details with you. Do you have a few

moments?

Karen : Yes, sure.

Clerk : Thank you. Your name is Karen Lu ... K-A-R-E-N Karen L-U Lu.

Karen : Yes, that's right. // (beep) (10-second pause)

Clerk OK. I see you've ticked 'F' for female ... no problem there. And you're eleven

years old?

Karen : Yes. I turned eleven recently. // (beep) (10-second pause)

Clerk : Oh, good. Could you tell me your address again as I can't read the words clearly?

Karen : Alright. Flat ... C ... 28<sup>th</sup> Floor ...

Clerk : Flat ... C ... 28<sup>th</sup> Floor, // (beep) (10-second pause)

Karen : Sunshine ... Building ... Mong Kok.

Clerk : Sunshine Building, Mong Kok.

Karen : Yes. // (beep) (20-second pause)

Clerk : And you go to Happy Time School?

Karen : Yes, but the full name of my school is Happy Time Primary School.

Clerk : OK, let me put that on your form – Happy ... Time ... Primary ... School. //

(beep) (10-second pause) Which class are you in? I can't see what you have

written down. Is it Primary Three or Primary Five?

Karen : Primary Five. // (beep) (10-second pause)

Clerk : Is your parent or guardian Mary Chan?

Karen : Yes, she's my mother. // (beep) (10-second pause)

Clerk : Good. The membership fee is \$60 a month. Please come in and pay it as soon as

you can.

Karen : Is tomorrow OK? My mum will be free to bring me then.

Clerk : Tomorrow, that's July the 12<sup>th</sup>.

Karen : Yes. // (beep) (10-second pause)

Clerk : No problem. See you then. Oh! Please remember to bring a recent photo too.

Karen : OK, bye. See you tomorrow. ]

Narrator : Listen to the conversation again and check your answers.

Repeat []

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks		
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	<ol> <li>Karen Lu</li> <li>11</li> <li>C</li> <li>28<sup>th</sup> / 28</li> <li>Sunshine Building</li> <li>Mong Kok or Mongkok</li> <li>Happy Time Primary School</li> <li>5</li> <li>60</li> <li>12/7 or 12/07</li> <li>Mary Chan</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.</li> <li>For Questions 5 – 7 &amp; 11, do not penalize students for wrong use of capitalization or spelling mistakes that do not interfere with the communication of ideas.</li> <li>For Questions 2, 4 &amp; 8 – 10, the numbers can be in word form (though this is not encouraged).</li> </ul>		

# Miss Lau is telling you a story about Tom.

Listen to the story.

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1.	Tom'	m's mother works					
	0	A.	in a church				
	0	B.	at the market				
	0	C.	in the playground				
	0	D.	at Kowloon Boys School				
2.	Tom l	ikes	Mrs Wong because she				
	0	A.	is very helpful				
	0	B.	does his homework				
	0	C.	is a Chinese teacher				
	0	D.	plays football with him				
3.	What	happ	pened to Tom one windy morning?				
3.	_		bened to Tom one windy morning?  Tom broke his leg.				
3.	0	A.	, c				
3.	0	A. B.	Tom broke his leg.				
3.	0 0	A. B. C.	Tom broke his leg. Tom lost his cap.				
	0 0 0 0	A. B. C. D.	Tom broke his leg.  Tom lost his cap.  Tom broke a bottle of milk.				
	O O O How o	A. B. C. D.	Tom broke his leg.  Tom lost his cap.  Tom broke a bottle of milk.  Tom walked across a bridge.  Tom's mother feel?				
	O O O How o	A. B. C. D. did T	Tom broke his leg.  Tom lost his cap.  Tom broke a bottle of milk.  Tom walked across a bridge.  Tom's mother feel?				
	O O O O O O	A. B. C. D. did T A. B.	Tom broke his leg.  Tom lost his cap.  Tom broke a bottle of milk.  Tom walked across a bridge.  Tom's mother feel?				

Please go to the following website to listen to the story: http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample3.mp3

## Sample 3

#### **Tapescript**

Narrator: Miss Lau is telling you a story about Tom.

You now have 30 seconds to study the questions below. (30-second music)

Now, listen to the story. The story will be played two times. The story will begin

now.

①[Teacher: Tom is a young boy. He is strong and tall. Every morning, he helps his mother sell bottles of milk at her shop in the market.

> In the afternoon, he goes to Kowloon Boys School. On his way to school, he passes a playground. He sees many children playing football. He likes his school. He has many friends there. Mrs Wong is his favourite teacher. She teaches Chinese. She is very kind to Tom. She often helps him with his homework after school. 10

> ②[One morning, Tom and his mother were selling bottles of milk. It was very windy. The wind was blowing paper and leaves everywhere. It was so strong that it blew Tom's cap off his head. His cap flew over the church and across the bridge. He never saw it again. Poor Tom! The wind was really strong. All the bottles of milk fell to the ground and broke into many pieces. (sound of breaking glass). Tom's mother cried out (sadly, slowly), "Oh, no! There's milk everywhere!" 2

Narrator: Now, listen to the story again. When you hear a beep (beep), answer the question. The story will begin now.

#### **Repeat** ① [ ] ①

Tom's mother works \_\_\_\_\_\_ . // (beep) (5-second pause) Narrator: Question 1:

> Tom likes Mrs Wong because she . // (beep) Ouestion 2:

(5-second pause)

#### Repeat @ [] @

Narrator: Question 3: What happened to Tom one windy morning? // (beep)

(5-second pause)

Question 4: Tom's mother cried out, "Oh, no! There's milk everywhere!"

(voice only)

How did Tom's mother feel? // (beep) (5-second pause)

You now have 15 seconds to check your answers. (15-second pause)

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	1. B 2. A 3. B 4. A	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.

## Listen to an advertisement on the radio.

Listen to the advertisement.

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1.	What	t is th	nis advertisement about?					
	0	A.	taking a train					
	0	B.	eating in a restaurant					
	0	C.	playing computer games					
	0	D.	going to a shopping centre					
2.	The s	speak	ter thinks that shopping in the city is					
	0	A.	fun					
	0	B.	tiring					
	0	C.	boring					
	0	D.	exciting					
3.	The s	speak	ter tells you to go to Hong Kong Plaza by					
3.	_	speak A.						
3.	0	A.						
3.	0	A. B.	bus					
3.	0 0	A. B. C.	bus ferry					
<ol> <li>4.</li> </ol>	0 0 0	A. B. C. D.	bus ferry MTR					
	O O O When	A. B. C. D.	bus ferry MTR minibus					
	O O O When	A. B. C. D. re is 1	bus ferry MTR minibus Hong Kong Plaza?					
	O O O When	A. B. C. D. A. B.	bus ferry MTR minibus Hong Kong Plaza? Lantau Island					

٥.	wny	ısn t	Hong Kong Plaza full of people?				
	0	A.	It is new.				
	0	B.	It is very big.				
	0	C.	There are not many shops.				
	0	D.	Most people don't like shopping there.				
6.	What	can	you do in Hong Kong Plaza?				
	0	A.	buy toys				
	0	B.	see a film				
	0	C.	send letters				
	$\bigcirc$	D	have a haircut				

Please go to the following website to listen to the advertisement: <a href="http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample4.mp3">http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample4.mp3</a>

## Sample 4

## **Tapescript**

Narrator: Listen to an advertisement on the radio.

You have 1 minute to study the questions below. (1-minute music)

Listen to the advertisement. When you hear a beep *(beep)*, answer the question. The advertisement will be played two times. The advertisement will begin now.

Announcer: O[Are you tired of crowds? Are you tired of having to push your way into

shops? Shopping in the city is not much fun, is it? No problem. Get away from the crowds. Take the MTR to Lantau Island. There, at the Tung Chung station,

is Hong Kong Plaza.] ① (*music*)

②[Hong Kong Plaza is so large; it's never crowded with people. Shop in comfort. Hundreds of shops for you to choose from. Many excellent restaurants. Fun and games for children. Hong Kong Plaza! You'll love it.

Come and enjoy yourself. Hong Kong Plaza! (beep)

Narrator: Now, listen to the first part of the advertisement again and check your answers

to Questions 1 to 4.

#### Repeat ① [ ] ①

Narrator: Question 1: What is this advertisement about?

// (beep) (5 second-pause)

Question 2: The speaker thinks that shopping in the city is ...

// (beep) (5 second-pause)

Question 3: The speaker tells you to go to Hong Kong Plaza by

. // (beep) (5 second-pause)

Question 4: Where is Hong Kong Plaza? // (beep) (5 second-pause)

Narrator: Now, listen to the last part of the advertisement again and check your answers

to Questions 5 and 6.

#### Repeat 2 [ ] 2

Question 5: Why isn't Hong Kong Plaza full of people?

// (beep) (5 second-pause)

Question 6: What can you do in Hong Kong Plaza?

// (beep) (5 second-pause)

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	<ol> <li>D</li> <li>B</li> <li>C</li> <li>A</li> <li>B</li> <li>A</li> </ol>	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.

Listen carefully to Miss Cheung.

Miss Cheung likes reading rhymes to her class. Today, she is reading a rhyme called 'Goodnight.'

Cho	ose the	e best	t ansv	ver b	y blacker	ning t	the circle.		
1.	Anna	ı is _							
	0	A.	wak	ing ι	ıp				
	0	B.	goin	g to	sleep				
	0	C.	sayi	ng g	oodbye to	her	parents		
	0	D.	talki	ing to	o her frie	nd or	the phon	ne	
2.	'Bear	r' rhy	mes	with	'chair'. V	Whic	h word als	so rh	ymes with 'chair'?
	0	A.		0	B.	0	C.	0	D.
3.	Whic	ch pa	ir of v	vord	s rhymes	?			
	0	A.		0	B.	0	C.	0	D.
4.			_		her stude ast line.	ents t	o think of	ftwo	more lines for this rhyme. Help
			ght ma		,,				

O A. O B. O C. O D.

Please go to the following website to listen to the rhyme: http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample5.mp3

## Sample 5

## **Tapescript**

Narrator:

Miss Cheung likes reading rhymes to her class. Today, she is reading a rhyme

called 'Goodnight'.

You now have 15 seconds to study the questions below. (15-second music)

Listen carefully to Miss Cheung. When you hear a beep (beep), answer the

question. The rhyme will be played two times. The rhyme will begin now.

[Miss Cheung:

#### Goodnight

All ready for bed, Anna said,

"Goodnight doll's house, Goodnight toy mouse.

Goodnight teddy bear, Goodnight yellow chair.

Goodnight papa, Goodnight mama."

Narrator:

Question 1: Anna is .// (beep) (5-second pause)

Question 2: 'Bear' rhymes with 'chair'. Which word also rhymes with 'chair'?

A. table B. yellow C. stair D. cat // (beep) (5- second pause)

Question 3: Which pair of words rhymes?

A. doll and toy B. chair and bed C. teddy and bear D. mouse and house // (beep) (5-second pause)

Question 4: Miss Cheung asked her students to think of two more lines for this rhyme. Help them complete the last line. "Goodnight mat, Goodnight \_\_\_\_\_." A. hot B. hat C. hit D. hut

// (beep) (5-second pause) ]

Listen to the rhyme again and check your answers.

#### Repeat [ ]

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	1. B 2. C 3. D 4. B	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.
• Understanding the use of a small range of language features in simple literary / imaginative spoken texts (ES)		

Mary's mother is reading riddles to her children.

Listen to what Mary's mother says.

Write your answer.

## Riddle 1

1. What am 'I'?

\_\_\_\_\_

## Riddle 2

2. What am 'I'?

©2017 Hong Kong Examinations and Assessment Authority All rights reserved Please go to the following website to listen to the riddles: <a href="http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample6.mp3">http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample6.mp3</a>

## Sample 6

## **Tapescript**

Narrator: Mary's mother is reading riddles to her children.

You have 15 seconds to study the questions below. (15-second music)

Now, listen to what Mary's mother says. When you hear a beep *(beep)*, write your answer. The riddles will be played two times. The riddles will begin now.

[Mum: Children, listen to the first riddle and see if you can answer the question.

I keep the cars going

And I can make them stop!

My yellow colour makes you think —

Should you stop or should you go?

Narrator: Question 1: What am 'I'? // (beep) (5-second pause)

Mum: Children, listen to the second riddle and see if you can answer the question.

People see me in the wintertime

Standing outside all alone.

Children give me a big nose

And a nice, warm scarf.

Along comes the sunshine ...

And slowly, quietly I live no more.

Narrator: Question 2: What am 'I'? // (beep) (5-second pause) ]

Narrator: Now, listen to the riddles again and check your answers.

Repeat [ ]

You now have 15 seconds to check your answers. (15-second pause)

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
<ul> <li>Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)</li> <li>Understanding the use of a small range of language features in simple literary / imaginative spoken texts (ES)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Traffic lights</li> <li>Snowman</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.</li> <li>Award no score for an incorrect / illegible answer or unattempted question.</li> <li>Do not penalize students for wrong use of capitalization or spelling mistakes that do not interfere with the communication of ideas.</li> </ul>

Listen to the news report on the radio.

## **Section A**

Listen to the radio programme and answer the following questions.

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

- 1. Which of the following reports are mentioned in the programme?
  - O A. falling objects
  - O B. a landslide
  - O C. a robbery
  - O D. sports news
- 2. At what time is the news report?
  - O A. 1 p.m.
  - O B. 5 p.m.
  - O C. 8 p.m.
  - O D. 9 p.m.

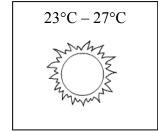
# **Section B**

Listen to the radio programme again.

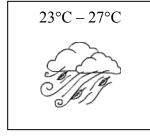
Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1.	When	Where is the traffic jam?					
	0	A.	Chai Wan				
	0	B.	Wan Chai				
	0	C.	Tsuen Wan				
	0	D.	Sheung Wan				
2.	Whic	ch ve	chicle(s) turned over on the road?				
	0	A.	two trucks				
	0	B.	many cars				
	0	C.	a police car				
	0	D.	an ambulance				
3.	Acco	ordin	g to the police, what will happen a few hours later?				
	0	A.	The traffic will stop.				
	0	B.	The road will be open.				
	0	C.	There will be another traffic jam.				
	0	D.	There will be another car accident.				

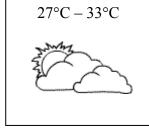
- 4. How many stories are about falling objects?
  - O A. 1
  - O B. 2
  - O C. 3
  - O D. 4
- 5. The window frame dropped from the \_\_\_\_\_ floor.
  - O A. first
  - O B. second
  - O C. third
  - O D. fourth
- 6. According to the police, people \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - O A. should not spit
  - O B. should not open windows
  - O C. should be careful when shopping
  - O D. should not throw things out of windows
- 7. Which picture shows the weather for tomorrow?



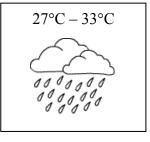
O A.



**О** В.



O C.



D.

Please go to the following website to listen to the news report: http://www.bca.hkeaa.edu.hk/web/TSA/ref/p6e/P6-L-Sample7.mp3

#### Sample 7

## **Tapescript**

Narrator: Listen to the news report on the radio.

#### Section A

You now have 15 seconds to study the questions below. (15-second music) Listen to the radio programme and answer the following questions. The radio programme will be played **once** only. The radio programme will begin now.

①[Reporter:

Good evening. This is Radio One's evening news report. First, our top story. There is a big traffic jam near Tsuen Wan. Two large trucks hit each other at 4 p.m. They both turned over and many cars crashed into them. Two people were hurt and sent to hospital by ambulance. The police said it would take a few hours to clear Lai Chi Kok Road. Drivers should not go near the Tsuen Wan area. 10

②[Reporter:

Earlier today, two people were hurt by falling objects. In Aberdeen a housewife was hit by a piece of wood falling down from a building. Luckily she was not badly hurt. Later in the day, in Mongkok, a window frame dropped from the third floor of an old building and hit a student. He had to be taken to hospital. After these accidents, police have asked the public not to throw things out of windows. They have also asked people to check all old window frames carefully.]②

③[Reporter:

Finally, here's the weather report. Tomorrow will be rainy with temperatures from 27 to 33°C. It's a good idea to take an umbrella with you when you go out.

That's all for the news. Please join us for our next report one hour later at 9 p.m. Thanks for listening to Radio One's evening news report. Goodbye. ] ③ (beep)

Narrator:

You now have 15 seconds to check your answers in Section A. (15-second pause)

This is the end of Section A.

#### Narrator: **Section B**

Listen to the radio programme again. After each session, you have to answer some questions. The radio programme will be played **once** only. You now have one minute to study the questions below. (*1-minute music*)

Now, listen to the first session of the radio programme and answer Questions 1 to 3 while you're listening. The radio programme will begin now.

Reporter: **Repeat** ① [ ] ① (beep)

Narrator: You now have 15 seconds to check your answers to Questions 1 to 3. (15-second

pause)

Now, listen to the second session of the radio programme and answer Questions

4 to 6 while you're listening. The radio programme will begin now.

Reporter: Repeat ② [ ] ② (beep)

Narrator: You now have 15 seconds to check your answers to Questions 4 to 6.

(15-second pause)

Now, listen to the third session of the radio programme and answer Question 7

while you're listening. The radio programme will begin now.

Reporter: Repeat 3 [ ] 3 (beep)

Narrator: You now have 5 seconds to check your answer to Question 7. (5-second pause)

This is the end of Section B.

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Using a range of strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts on familiar topics which are delivered clearly in familiar accents (IS, KS, ES)	Section A  1. A  2. C  Section B  1. C  2. A  3. B  4. B  5. C  6. D  7. D	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.

## B. Sample Items on Reading and Writing

#### Sample 1

#### Part 1

Here is a story about Mr Chan and some farmers.

Read the story carefully.

Mr Chan lived in a village. He was rich but lazy. Thirty farmers lived in his village. They rented land from him. Each month they paid Mr Chan a lot of money but he was not satisfied. He asked them for more money. The farmers had sad and difficult lives but Mr Chan enjoyed his life very much.

One day there was a big flood in the village. All the houses and farms were covered with water. Mr Chan and the farmers climbed up a nearby mountain to escape the flood. The farmers each brought a bag of sweet potatoes with them. Mr Chan brought two boxes filled with jewellery and money.

When the sun went down, the village was still under water. Nobody could return home. They were cold and tired. The farmers also felt very sad and worried about their homes.

The night became colder and darker. Without smiles on their faces, the farmers ate their sweet potatoes. However, Mr Chan had nothing to eat. He only had his money and jewellery. He wanted to buy some sweet potatoes from the farmers. But they said, "No." ...

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1.	Why did the farmers and Mr Chan climb up the mountain				
	0	A.	to look for food		
	0	B.	to look for jewellery		
	0	C.	to live on the mountain		
	0	D.	to get away from the heavy flood		
2.	What	t did	the farmers carry up the mountain?		
	0	A.	water		
	0	B.	sweet potatoes		
	0	C.	sweets and potatoes		
	0	D.	jewellery and money		

3.	Why	didn	't the farmers sell potatoes to Mr Chan?
	0	A.	Mr Chan had potatoes himself.
	0	B.	Mr Chan was unkind to the farmers.
	0	C.	The farmers only had enough for themselves.
	0	D.	The farmers loved eating potatoes very much.
4.	This	story	tells us Mr Chan was
	0	A.	bored
	0	B.	helpful
	0	C.	greedy
	0	D.	hard-working
5.	What	can	we learn from this story?
	0	A.	It is healthy to climb mountains.
	0	B.	We cannot live on jewellery and money.
	0	C.	Floods sometimes happen in some villages.
	0	D.	Rich people must give jewellery to farmers.
ark	ing Sc	hem	e

# $\mathbf{M}$

BC Descriptor	<b>Scoring Guide</b>	Remarks
Reading  • Using a range of reading strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	1. D 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. B	<ul> <li>Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.</li> <li>Award no score for an incorrect / illegible answer or unattempted question.</li> </ul>

# Part 2

Mr Chan had nothing to eat. He only had his money and jewellery. He wanted to buy some sweet potatoes from the farmers. But they said, "No."  $\dots$ 

What happened to Mr Chan? How did he feel? Complete the story in about 50 words.				

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
<ul><li>Writing</li><li>Writing and/or responding to simple</li></ul>	4	<ul> <li>Provide the story ending by giving interesting and imaginative ideas with supporting details.</li> <li>Communicate ideas very clearly and coherently.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accept any sensible or logical ideas.</li> </ul>
texts with relevant informatio n and ideas (including personal	3	<ul> <li>Provide the story ending by giving sufficient and relevant ideas with some supporting details.</li> <li>Communicate ideas clearly and coherently.</li> </ul>	
experience s, imaginativ e ideas and evaluative remarks) with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	2	<ul> <li>Provide a brief ending with reasonably clear and relevant ideas to the story but lack supporting details.</li> <li>Communicate ideas quite clearly and coherently.</li> </ul>	
	1	<ul> <li>Attempt to provide an ending by giving very limited ideas only.</li> <li>AND/OR</li> <li>Provide unclear or disconnected ideas that may confuse the reader.</li> </ul>	
	0	<ul> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Writing simple texts using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with the help of cues	3	Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.	Answers of less than 25 words will not be awarded more than
	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and verb forms with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	a score level of 2.
despite some spelling and grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	1	<ul> <li>Use a very limited range of vocabulary and verb forms.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Make many grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
	0	<ul> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

Karen wants to join a sports club this summer. She finds some advertisements of sports clubs in the magazine.

Read the following advertisements.

# Great Sports Club All are welcome!

Fee: \$300 / month

(For members)

\$20 / visit

(For guests)

Programmes: Table tennis

Swimming

Bowling

Basketball

Open from Tuesday to Sunday

8:00 a.m. - 9:00 p.m.

Enjoy lunch in our Chinese restaurant

next door!

# Fit Sports Club All are welcome!

Fee: \$360 per year

(For members) \$10 per visit

(For guests)

Programmes: Judo

Swimming Badminton

We are open from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. daily —except Thursdays.

Water fountains for your use

# Fun Time Sports Club

Age: 15-50

Fee: \$80 per month

(For members)

\$5 per visit

(For guests)

Programmes: Table tennis

Tai Chi Football Swimming

Open daily

8:00 a.m. - 7:00 p.m.

Free drinks provided

# **Healthy Sports Club**

Age: Children under 12

Fee: \$180 (3 months) (For

members)
Guests free

Programmes: Swimming

Badminton Table tennis

Opening hours: 7:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Monday to Saturday

Indoor swimming pool and vegetarian snack bar available

1. Which club is open every day? A. Fit Sports Club B. Great Sports Club C. Healthy Sports Club D. Fun Time Sports Club 2. Which club has the longest opening hours? A. Fit Sports Club B. Great Sports Club C. Healthy Sports Club D. Fun Time Sports Club 3. Which club can Karen bring a friend to without paying? A. Fit Sports Club B. Great Sports Club C. Healthy Sports Club D. Fun Time Sports Club 4. Karen is eleven years old. How many club(s) can she join? 0 A. one B. two C. three D. four 5. Karen loves eating salad after she exercises. Which club should she join? A. Fit Sports Club B. Great Sports Club  $\circ$ C. Healthy Sports Club

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

D. Fun Time Sports Club

6.	Karei	n wai	nts to pay the lowest fee per month. Which club should she join?
	0	A.	Fit Sports Club
	0	B.	Great Sports Club
	0	C.	Healthy Sports Club
	0	D.	Fun Time Sports Club
7.			es swimming and playing badminton. How many club(s) has/have programmes?
	0	A.	one
	0	B.	two
	0	C.	three
	0	D.	four

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Reading	1. D	Award a score of 1 for
• Using a range of	2. B	each correct answer.
reading strategies to	3. C	Award no score for an
understand the	4. C	incorrect / illegible
meaning of simple	5. C	answer or unattempted
texts with the help	6. A	question.
of cues (IS, <b>KS</b> , ES)	7. B	

### Eddy and Tommy are cousins.

Here is a poem about them. Read the poem.

### Eddy and Tommy

- Here comes lonely young EddyWalking down the street,With a diamond ring on his fingerAnd a pair of fur boots on his feet.Going from shop to shop he buys
- A golden birdcage, a seaside cottage,A pearl necklace and a grand palace,But not a smiling face.
  - There's a happy boy called Tommy.
    Collecting things in the street,
- With a large bag on his backAnd a dog playing at his feet.Going from door to door he getsAn old kettle, a funny bottle,A tiny cradle, a toy turtle
- 16 And warm greetings from people.

## Part A

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1.	Whic	ch on	e is smiling?
	0	A.	Eddy
	0	B.	Tommy
	0	C.	the little dog
	0	D.	the bird in the birdcage
2.	When	re are	e Eddy and Tommy now?
	0	A.	in a shop
	0	B.	at the door
	0	C.	in the street
	0	D.	in a grand palace
3.	In th	is po	pem, a golden birdcage, a pearl necklace and a seaside cottage are
	0	A.	cheap
	0	B.	expensive
	0	C.	furniture in a palace
	0	D.	rings on Eddy's fingers
4.	In lin	ie 13	, 'gets' means
	0	A.	gives
	0	B.	buys
	0	C.	likes
	0	D.	collects

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
Reading  • Using a range of reading strategies to understand the meaning of simple texts with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	Part A  1. B  2. C  3. B  4. D	Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.

## Part B

Do you want to be Eddy or Tommy? Why? Write about 30 words. Complete the sentence.

I want to be	because

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Writing and/or responding to simple texts with relevant information and ideas (including personal experiences, imaginative ideas and evaluative remarks) with the help of cues	2	<ul> <li>Answer the question with an appropriate reason.</li> <li>There are few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>Answer the question with an appropriate reason.</li> <li>There are some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	Accept any sensible or logical ideas.
<ul> <li>(IS, KS, ES)</li> <li>Writing simple texts using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some spelling and grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)</li> </ul>	0	<ul> <li>Answer the question with an unclear reason or inappropriate reason or no reason.</li> <li>There are many grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

### Paul is reading riddles in the library.

Read the riddles and answer the questions.

Look at that bridge in the sky
So many colours, up so high
I want to know —
Who built the bridge?
And, has anyone walked across it before?

1. What is 'the bridge'?

It can be round or square with a nice smell.

The more you use it the smaller it becomes.

When it's wet, it's very hard to catch.

It washes all the dirt away.

2. What is 'it'?

I can see you
When I close my eyes.
You bring me many things
When I fall asleep.
When I wake up,
You are not there.

3. What are 'you'?

BC Descriptor	Scoring Guide	Remarks
• Understanding the use of a small range of language features in simple literary / imaginative texts (ES)	<ol> <li>rainbow</li> <li>soap</li> <li>dream</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.</li> <li>Award no score for an incorrect / illegible answer or unattempted question.</li> <li>Do not penalize students for wrong use of capitalization or spelling mistakes that do not interfere with the communication of ideas.</li> </ul>

### Betty is watching a play.

#### Part 1

Read the first part of the play.

<u>Characters</u>: Three friends – John, Jim & Mary

### Scene I

Narrator: One Sunday, John, Jim and Mary are shopping in a big shopping centre in

Kowloon.

[The three enter and sit down on a bench. They have many shopping bags.]

Mary: Oh, dear! I'm so tired. We've been here shopping for about two hours

already.

John: Really, that long? When you're having fun shopping, time goes by quickly.

Jim: Yes! But I think shopping is fun only when I'm buying things for myself.

I really hate shopping for food in a supermarket with my mother.

Mary: Oh, Jim. You shouldn't be so selfish.

Jim: I'm not, really. But my mother is always so slow to think about what she

wants to buy.

Mary: Oh, Jim! That's not a nice thing to say. I'm not slow at all. Just look at me.

Today I bought two pairs of shoes, three T-shirts, two pairs of shorts and a

music DVD in less than an hour!

Jim: Alright, so you're different. You love to spend money as quickly as you

can!

John: OK, you two. Let's not start a fight! Why don't we just find a place to have

lunch?

Mary: Good idea! Let's go then.

[They get up and walk off.]

Mary: Oh, dear! I'm so tired. We've been here shopping for about two hours already.
John: Really, that long? When you're having fun shopping, time goes by quickly.
1. What can you tell about John?
O A. He feels tired.
O B. He loves shopping.
O C. He hates shopping for two hours.
O D. He hopes that time can go quickly.
Jim: Yes! But I think shopping is fun only when I'm buying things for myself.
I really hate shopping for food in a supermarket with my mother.
Mary: Oh, Jim. You shouldn't be so selfish.
2. Why does Mary think that Jim is selfish? She thinks that
O A. Jim hates shopping
O B. Jim hates buying food
O C. Jim only likes to buy things for himself
O D. Jim only likes shopping with his mother
Jim: But my mother is always so slow to think about what she wants to buy.
Mary: Oh, Jim! That's not a nice thing to say.
3. Mary thinks that Jim is
O A. rude
O B. slow
O C. nice
O D. honest

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

	•		m not slow at all. Just look at me. Today I bought two pairs of shoes,  T-shirts, two pairs of shorts and a music DVD in less than an hour!
	Jim:	Alrig	ht, so you're different. You love to spend money as quickly as you can!
	John:	OK,	you two. Let's not start a fight! Why don't we just find a place to have lunch
	4. Jim sa	ays M	ary is different from his mother because
	0	A.	Mary loves shopping
	0	B.	Mary is quick at shopping
	0	C.	Mary spends money slowly
	0	D.	Mary buys many things for herself
4	5. At the	e end,	what are they going to do?
	0	A.	They take a rest.
	0	B.	They buy T-shirts.
	0	C.	They have a fight.
	0	D.	They have something to eat.

Read the second part of the play.

## Scene II

[The three friends are sitting in a restaurant.]

Mary: Oh, that was good. The sushi was so fresh. De-e-e-e-licious.

Jim: My meal was good too. After eating the noodles and pork chops, I'm ready

for more shopping!

John: Right, let's go. You know tomorrow is not a holiday.

Mary: You're right. But we haven't been to a bookshop yet. Shall we find one?

Jim: Well, the two of you can look at books and I'm going to look at cameras.

There's always something new to see.

Mary: OK. How about meeting somewhere at 3 o'clock, so we won't get lost?

John: All right. There's a beautiful water fountain just inside the main entrance.

Let's meet there.

Mary & Jim: That's good. See you at 3 o'clock.

[They walk off.]

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

1	Which	kind of res	staurant did	the children	on to?
- 1	. WHICH	KING OF IC	Staufaill Ulu	THE CHILDIE	1 20 107

- O A. Thai
- O B. Italian
- O C. Chinese
- O D. Japanese

Jii	m:	-	neal was good too. After eating the noodles and pork chops, I'm ready nore shopping!
Jo	hn:	Righ	t, let's go. You know tomorrow is not a holiday.
2.	John	wants	s to
	0	A.	go home
	0	B.	eat more food
	0	C.	have a holiday
	0	D.	finish shopping quickly
M	ary:	You'	re right. But we haven't been to a bookshop yet. Shall we find one?
Jii	m:	Well	, the two of you can look at books and I'm going to look at cameras.
		Ther	e's always something new to see.
3.	Whic	h sho	p is Jim going to visit?
	0	A.	'Sports Stars'
	0	B.	'Book Lovers'
	0	C.	'Photos Today'
	0	D.	'Games For Everyone'
4.	Whic	h sho	p are Mary and John going to visit?
	0	A.	'Sports Stars'
	0	B.	'Book Lovers'
	0	C.	'Photos Today'
	0	D.	'Games For Everyone'

Mary: OK. How about meeting somewhere at 3 o'clock, so we won't get lost?

John: All right. There's a beautiful water fountain just inside the main entrance.

Let's meet there.

- 5. Why do the children meet at the water fountain?
  - O A. They don't want to get lost.
  - O B. They like to see the fountain.
  - O C. The water fountain is beautiful.
  - O D. They want to see the main entrance.

Read the third part of the play.

#### **Scene III**

[Mary and John are sitting on a bench near the water fountain. They are checking their watches and looking around.]

Mary: Where is Jim? We said 3 o'clock and now it's a quarter past three.

John: Do you think he forgot when to meet us?

Mary: No. I think he's just too busy looking at cameras.

John: Why don't you call him? Do you know his phone number?

Mary: No, he doesn't have a mobile phone.

John: That's really surprising! Everyone has a mobile phone.

Mary: Well, I'd be really angry if he forgot when to meet us!

John: Yes, you're right. Anyway, let's wait another ten minutes and see whether

he comes or not. I have to get home soon. If I don't, my mother will get

mad.

[Lights go out slowly.]

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

- 1. How long have Mary and John waited for Jim?
  - O A. 10 minutes
  - O B. 15 minutes
  - O C. 30 minutes
  - O D. 45 minutes

Jol	hn:	Do y	ou think he (Jim) forgot when to meet us?
Ma	ary:	No. I	think he's just too busy looking at cameras.
2.			conversation, what does Mary think of Jim? ks Jim
	0	A.	is always late
	0	B.	is always busy
	0	C.	forgets when to meet
	0	D.	likes cameras very much
Ma	ary:	No, l	ne doesn't have a mobile phone.
Joł	nn:	That	's really surprising! Everyone has a mobile phone.
3.	Why	y does	John say "That's really surprising!"?
	0	A.	Jim likes his mobile phone.
	0	B.	Jim wants to have a mobile phone.
	0	C.	Jim does not have a mobile phone.
	0	D.	Jim forgets to bring his mobile phone.
Joh	nn:		you're right. Anyway, let's wait another ten minutes and see whether omes or not. I have to get home soon. If I don't, my mother will get mad.
4.	Wha	at doe	s the word 'mad' mean?
	0	A.	silly
	0	B.	angry
	0	C.	excited
	0	D.	surprised

Read the last part of the play.

			Scene IV				
		[Ma	ry is still sitting on the bench, looking tired.]				
John		Loc	ook! There's Jim!				
		[Jii	n walks quickly on stage.]				
M	lary:	Jin	n, where have you been?				
Jii	m:		Oh, I'm very sorry. I wanted to look at all the new cameras. I forgot to check my watch. I'm really sorry.				
		[Jo	hn and Mary look at each other with an angry look. Then they smile.]				
M	lary:	OK	X, Jim. We'll forgive you – this time! We're good friends, aren't we?				
Ji	m:	Oh	, thank you.				
Jo	hn:	Bu	But Jim, do something for us. Get yourself a mobile phone!				
	[The three walk off stage smiling, swinging their shopping bags.]						
			THE END				
Cho	ose the	e bes	t answer by blackening the circle.				
1.	Why	was	Jim late?				
	0	A.	He forgot the time.				
	0	B.	He was looking for his watch.				
	0	C.	He wanted to trick John and Mary.				
	0	D.	He wanted to get a mobile phone and a camera.				
Jo	John: But Jim, do something for us. Get yourself a mobile phone!						
2.	2. John wants Jim to						
	0	A.	forgive him				
	0	B.	be his best friend				
	0	C.	get them a mobile phone				
	0	D.	buy a mobile phone for himself				

Read the play again and complete the story map below. Choose the best answer by blackening the circle

Setting						
Time:	O A. Saturday	Place:	O A. home			
	O B. Sunday		O B. market			
	O C. Monday		O C. supermarket			
	O D. Tuesday		O D. shopping center			

Write your answers.

People / Characters					
•	•	•			

(in any order)

Arrange the following events in the correct order. Write the correct number in the box.

1

3

4

5

Events	Order
John, Jim and Mary went shopping together.	e.g. 1
John and Mary waited for Jim at the water fountain.	
The three friends had a meal in a restaurant.	
The three friends left together with their shopping bags.	
The three friends were tired and took a rest on a bench.	

Choose the best answer by blackening the circle.

Ending						
Which of the following about the ending is true?						
O A. All the three friends were happy.						
O B. All the three friends were angry.						
<b>O</b> C.	John and Mary were angry with Jim.					
O D.	John and Mary felt happy, but Jim felt sad.					

<b>BC Descriptor</b>	S	coring Guide	Remarks
<ul> <li>Weading</li> <li>Using a range of reading strategies to understand the meaning of</li> </ul>	Part 1 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	B C A B D	<ul> <li>Award a score of 1 for each correct answer.</li> <li>Award no score for an</li> </ul>
simple texts with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	Part 2 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	D D C B A	incorrect / illegible answer or unattempted question.
	Part 3 1. 2. 3. 4.	B D C B	
	Part 4 1. 2.	A D	
	Part 5 Setting	Time: B Place: D	
	People / Characters	John Jim Mary  In any order	
	Events	4 3 5 2	
	Ending	A	

Read this part of the play again.

Mary: Jim, where have you been?

Jim: Oh, I'm very sorry. I wanted to look at all the new cameras. I forgot to check my watch.

I'm really sorry.

If you were John or Mary, would you be angry with Jim? Why or why not? Write about 30 words.

BC Descriptor	Score Level		Remarks
<ul> <li>Writing</li> <li>Writing and/or responding to simple texts with relevant information and ideas</li> </ul>	3	<ul> <li>Answer the question with an appropriate reason.</li> <li>There are few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	Accept any sensible or logical ideas.
(including personal experiences, imaginative ideas and evaluative remarks) with the help of cues	2	<ul> <li>Answer the question with an appropriate reason.</li> <li>There are some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(IS, KS, ES)</li> <li>Writing simple texts using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms</li> </ul>	1	<ul> <li>Answer the question with an unclear reason or inappropriate reason or no reason.</li> <li>There are many grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some spelling and grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	0	<ul> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

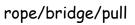
## John had an accident when he was trying to walk across the bridge.

What happened to John?

Choose one picture. Put a  $\square$  in the box.

Write 4-5 sentences about the picture. You may use the words in the box to help you.







helicopter/ladder/climb



save/river/row

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
<ul> <li>Writing</li> <li>Writing and/or responding to simple texts with relevant information and</li> </ul>	4	<ul> <li>Provide interesting and imaginative ideas to the story based on the picture chosen with supporting details.</li> <li>The description is very clear and coherent.</li> </ul>	Accept any sensible or logical ideas.
information and ideas (including personal experiences, imaginative ideas and	3	<ul> <li>Provide sufficient and relevant ideas to the story based on the picture chosen with supporting details.</li> <li>The description is clear and coherent.</li> </ul>	
evaluative remarks) with the help of cues (IS, <b>KS</b> , <b>ES</b> )	2	<ul> <li>Provide some brief but reasonably clear and relevant ideas to the story based on the picture chosen but lack supporting details.</li> <li>The description is quite clear and coherent.</li> </ul>	
	1	<ul> <li>Attempt to write a story by giving very limited information/ideas only.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Provide unclear or disconnected information/ideas that may confuse the reader.</li> </ul>	
	0	<ul> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
<ul> <li>Writing</li> <li>Writing simple texts using a small range of</li> </ul>	3	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	• Answers of less than 3 sentences will not be awarded
vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some spelling	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and verb forms with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	awarded more than a score level of 2.
and grammatical mistakes (IS, <b>KS</b> , <b>ES</b> )	0	<ul> <li>Use a very limited range of vocabulary and verb forms.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Make many grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> </ul>	
	U	OR  Practically make no attempt at all.	

Jenny's grandma heard that Bobby, Jenny's dog, was home safely. She wrote a letter to Jenny.

Read the letter.

9 May XXXX

Dear Jenny,

I'm so happy to hear that Bobby, your cute little dog, is now safe at home. How is he?

I'd like to see Bobby this Sunday. Is it OK with you? I hope to hear from you soon.

Love,

Grandma

	12 May XXXX
 ,	
	,

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Writing and/or responding to simple texts with relevant information and ideas (including personal experiences, imaginative ideas and evaluative remarks) with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	re	<ul> <li>Express both ideas with supporting details.</li> <li>Communicate ideas very clearly and precisely.</li> <li>Express either of the ideas.</li> <li>Communicate ideas very clearly and precisely.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Express both ideas.</li> <li>Communicate ideas quite clearly.</li> <li>Attempt to answer both or either of the questions.</li> <li>Communicate ideas unclearly.</li> <li>Express mostly or totally irrelevant information in the reply.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Unable to express ideas.</li> <li>at</li> <li>ward a score level of 1 for correct cipient ("Dear Grandma") and sender Love, Jenny").</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The reply must include the following points:</li> <li>Bobby is/isn't fine.</li> <li>Grandma can/can't see Bobby this Sunday.</li> <li>Do not penalize students for wrong use of capitalization or grammatical and spelling mistakes that do not interfere with the communication of ideas.</li> </ul>

You are a member of a pen-friend club. You receive a letter.

Read the letter and then write a reply.

7 May XXXX

Dear friend,

Hi, I'm Chris Smith from Canada. I'm pleased to be your pen-friend. I am 11 years old. How old are you? I go to Maple Public School. Which school do you go to? I'm in Grade 6. What about you?

My favourite subjects are Maths and Music. What are your favourite subjects? I'm good at music but I'm weak in French. I'm a member of the School Choir. Are you in any clubs?

What about sports or hobbies? I usually play ice-hockey with my friends. Also, I sometimes surf on the Internet and chat on ICQ. What do you like to do in your spare time?

Please write soon.

Yours,

Chris

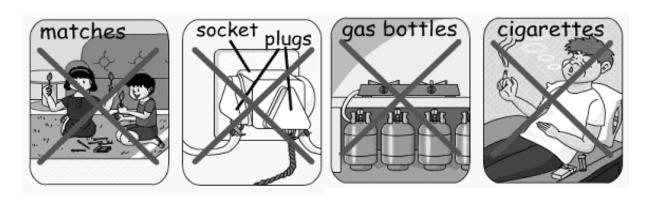
Write your reply in about 80 words. 17 May XXXX

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor
Writing	4	<ul> <li>Provide many relevant ideas/responses to the questions with supporting details.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Writing and/or responding to</li> </ul>		Communicate ideas very clearly and coherently.
simple texts with relevant	3	<ul> <li>Provide many relevant ideas/responses to the questions with supporting details.</li> </ul>
information and ideas (including		<ul> <li>Communicate ideas clearly and coherently.</li> </ul>
personal experiences,	2	<ul> <li>Provide some relevant ideas/responses to the questions with few supporting details.</li> </ul>
imaginative ideas and evaluative		<ul> <li>Communicate ideas fairly clearly and coherently.</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
remarks) with the help of cues ( <b>IS</b> , <b>KS</b> , <b>ES</b> )		• Provide ideas by partially substituting the words/ideas from the letter.
,		• Communicate ideas quite clearly and coherently.
	1	<ul> <li>Words and ideas are mostly copied from the letter.</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Provide very limited ideas/responses to the questions.</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Provide unclear or disconnected information/ideas that may confuse the reader.</li> </ul>
	0	Unable to express ideas. OR
		Provide totally irrelevant ideas.
		<ul><li>OR</li><li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li></ul>
	E	-
		ward a score level of 1 for correct recipient ("Dear Chris") and sender ("Yours, any name").
		ward a score level of 1 for an appropriate beginning (e.g. How are you?") and/or closing (e.g. "Please write soon.").

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Writing simple texts using a small range of vocabulary, sentence	3	Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.	Answers of less than 40 words will not be awarded
patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some spelling and grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and verb forms with few/no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	more than a score level of 2.
	0	<ul> <li>Use a very limited range of vocabulary and verb forms.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Make many grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
	U	<ul> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

## Mrs Chan takes down some notes on fire prevention for her family.

Complete the notes for her. These pictures may help you.



Notes on fire prevention					
We should not leave food cooking when we are not at home.					
•					
•					
•					
•					

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
<ul> <li>Writing</li> <li>Writing and/or responding to simple texts with relevant information and</li> </ul>	3	<ul> <li>Provide 3 – 4 correct and relevant rules with appropriate choice of words.</li> <li>There are few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	Accept any sensible or logical ideas.
ideas (including personal experiences, imaginative ideas and evaluative remarks) with the	2	<ul> <li>Provide 3 – 4 correct and relevant rules with appropriate choice of words.</li> <li>There are some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
help of cues ( <b>IS</b> , KS, ES)		<ul> <li>OR</li> <li>Provide 2 correct and relevant rules with appropriate choice of</li> </ul>	
• Writing simple texts using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns, cohesive devices and verb forms fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some spelling and		<ul><li>words.</li><li>There are few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li></ul>	
	1	<ul> <li>Provide 1 – 2 correct and relevant rules with appropriate choice of words.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>There are some grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul> OR	
grammatical mistakes (IS, <b>KS</b> , <b>ES</b> )		<ul> <li>Provide 1 correct and relevant rule with appropriate choice of words.</li> <li>There are few or no grammatical and spelling mistakes.</li> </ul>	
	0	<ul> <li>and spelling mistakes.</li> <li>Provide totally irrelevant ideas.</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

## C. Sample Items on Speaking

## Sample 1

### **Reading Aloud**

Read the following text.

### **Swimming**

Swimming is fun. It is good exercise. If our parents cannot teach us to swim, we should get someone else to teach us. We can take lessons at a public swimming pool. Taking swimming lessons is not expensive. We should all learn how to swim.

#### **Notes for Oral Examiners**

- A. Before the oral assessment (2 minutes)
  - 1. Give the reading aloud text to the student.
  - 2. Allow two minutes for preparation.
- B. During the oral assessment (1 minute)
  - 1. Tell the student to read the text aloud by saying:
    - "You have one minute to read this text aloud. You may start now."
  - 2. When the student has finished reading, collect the text from him/her.

### **Reading Aloud**

Read the following text.

#### A stormy night

Last night there was a very big rainstorm. I was sleeping when the sound of the heavy rain woke me up. Later there was thunder and lightning with strong winds blowing. I was frightened. Luckily the storm soon passed. After about 20 minutes, I went back to sleep and had a dream about water!

#### **Notes for Oral Examiners**

- A. Before the oral assessment (2 minutes)
  - 1. Give the reading aloud text to the student.
  - 2. Allow two minutes for preparation.
- B. During the oral assessment (1 minute)
  - 1. Tell the student to read the text aloud by saying:
    - "You have one minute to read this text aloud. You may now start."
  - 2. When the student has finished reading, collect the text from him/her.

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor
<ul><li>Reading Aloud</li><li>Showing a basic understanding of</li></ul>	4	<ul> <li>Read fluently and clearly with appropriate pausing and intonation.</li> <li>Make very few or no pronunciation mistakes.</li> </ul>
simple and familiar texts by reading the texts aloud with	3	<ul><li>Read fluently and clearly.</li><li>Make very few or no pronunciation mistakes.</li></ul>
comprehensible pronunciation and generally	2	<ul><li>Read quite clearly.</li><li>Make some mistakes in pronunciation.</li></ul>
appropriate pace, stress, rhythm and intonation ( <b>KS</b> ,	1	<ul> <li>Read hesitantly with many mistakes in pronunciation.</li> <li>Skip words occasionally.</li> </ul>
ES)	0	<ul><li>Read only a few words.</li><li>Skip some words or phrases.</li></ul>

### **Teacher-Student Interaction (2 minutes)**

#### **Notes for Oral Examiners**

- 1. Ask the student questions related to the topic of the reading text (e.g. rainstorm) and his/her personal experience:
  - Have you seen any big rainstorms before?
  - What happened?
  - When did this happen?
  - Where were you?
  - Who was with you?
- 2. Questions will be modified according to the context.

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
Teacher-Student Interaction  • Providing simple information and	4	<ul> <li>Provide relevant answers to most of the questions* and give elaboration to some of the questions*.</li> </ul>	*Although 'Yes/No' questions can be used to prompt students, they are
ideas, and attempting to provide some	3	• Provide relevant answers to most of the questions*.	not counted if students merely provide 'Yes/No'
elaboration with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	on with 2 of cues	<ul> <li>Provide relevant answers to some of the questions*.</li> </ul>	answers without elaboration.
	1	<ul> <li>Provide relevant answers to some of the questions* with prompting.</li> </ul>	Do not penalize students for pronunciation or
	0	<ul> <li>Give one or no comprehensible responses to the questions*.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Give irrelevant answers to most of the questions*.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	grammatical mistakes that do not interfere with the communication of ideas.

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Using a small range of vocabulary, sentence	3	Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices with few grammatical mistakes.	No score level     will be awarded     if the     information or
patterns and cohesive devices to convey simple information and ideas fairly appropriately with the help of	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with some grammatical mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with a few grammatical mistakes.</li> </ul>	ideas provided are irrelevant to the topic.
cues despite some grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	1	• Use a very limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with many grammatical mistakes.	
	0	Practically make no attempt at all.	

## Presentation

This is a TV guide in the magazine. Choose <u>four</u> TV programmes you want to watch today. Tell your teacher why you choose them.

Today's TV Guide							
TV	<u>C</u>		BV	<u>C</u>			
4:00 p.m.	Fun Time		4:00 p.m.	Learn Basketball			
5:00 p.m.	The World of Colours		5:00 p.m.	You Can Cook			
6:00 p.m.	The Cartoon Hour		6:00 p.m.	Animal World			
7:00 p.m.	Quiz Show – Win a Million Dollars		6:30 p.m.	Pop Songs			
			6:45 p.m.	Movie – Dinosaur Park			

#### **Notes for Oral Examiners**

- A. Before the oral assessment (3 minutes)
  - 1. Teacher explains the task to the student by saying:
    - "This is a TV guide. It tells you the show times and the names of the TV programmes. Read the TV guide. Choose four TV programmes you want to watch today and give reasons."
  - 2. Allow three minutes for preparation.
- B. During the oral assessment (2 minutes)
  - 1. Tell the student to do the presentation using the TV guide as a prompt:
    - "You are going to tell the teacher about four TV programmes you want to watch from Today's TV guide and why you choose them. You have two minutes to talk about them."
  - 2. Encourage the student to use cohesive devices to give reasons.

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
Presentation  • Providing simple information and ideas, and attempting to provide some elaboration with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	3	<ul> <li>Provide plenty of information and ideas relevant to the topic.</li> <li>Communicate ideas very clearly.</li> <li>Provide information and ideas relevant to the topic.</li> <li>Communicate ideas clearly.</li> </ul>	Do not penalize students for pronunciation or grammatical mistakes that do not interfere with the
	elaboration with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)  1	<ul> <li>Provide some information and ideas relevant to the topic with prompting.</li> <li>Communicate ideas quite clearly.</li> </ul>	communication of ideas.  • Bonus:
		<ul> <li>Provide information and ideas mostly irrelevant to the topic.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Provide limited information and ideas.</li> </ul>	Award a score level of 1 if the student has appropriate eye contact with the teacher examiner.
	0	<ul> <li>Provide information and ideas totally irrelevant to the topic.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	

<b>BC Descriptor</b>	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
Using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices to convey simple information and ideas fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	3	Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices with few grammatical mistakes.	No score level will be awarded if the
	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with some grammatical mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with a few grammatical mistakes.</li> </ul>	information or ideas provided are irrelevant to the topic.
	1	Use a very limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with many grammatical mistakes.	
	0	Practically make no attempt at all.	
<ul> <li>Pronouncing simple and</li> </ul>	3	Speak clearly with very few mistakes in pronunciation.	
familiar words comprehensibly (KS)	2	Speak quite clearly despite a few mistakes in pronunciation.	
	1	Speak unclearly with many mistakes in pronunciation.	
	0	Make no attempt at all.	

## **Instruction Card**

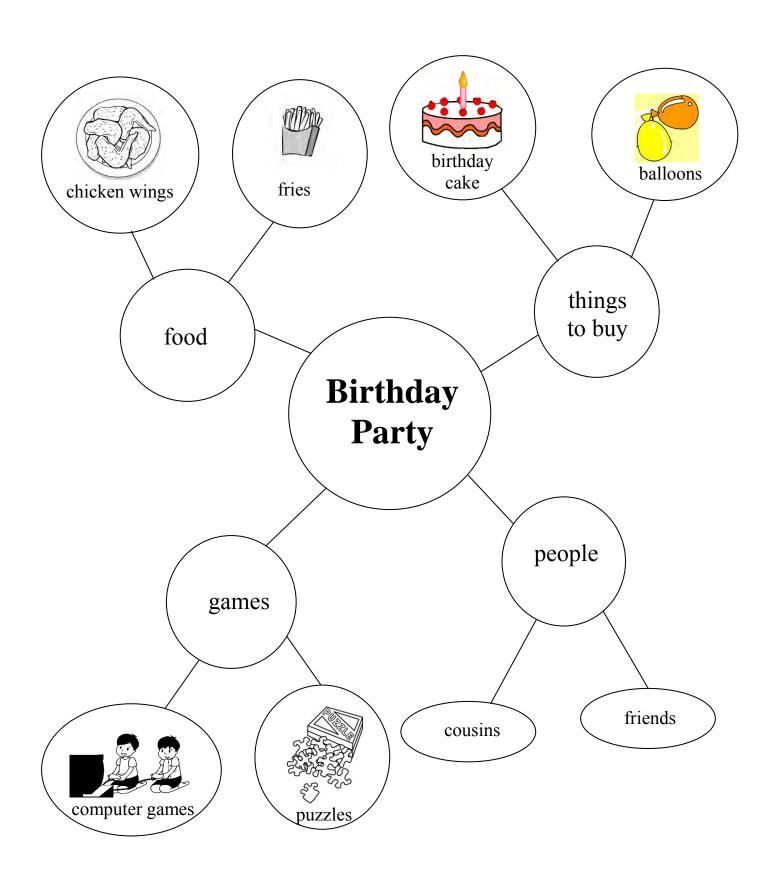
You are going to have your birthday party at home next Saturday. Tell the teacher how you will prepare for your birthday party. The picture on the right may help you. You will have two minutes to do the presentation.

## Remember:

- Do not write on this Instruction Card.
- Look at the teacher when you do the presentation.

The following questions may help you:

- Who will you invite?
- What will you buy for the party?
- What presents do you want?
- What will you eat?
- What games will you play?
- How will you make your home look special?



#### **Notes for Oral Examiners**

- B. Before the oral assessment (3 minutes)
  - 1. Teacher explains the task to the student by saying:
    - "You will have three minutes to prepare for the oral assessment. At the end, you will have to give a short presentation of about two minutes. You may take notes on the piece of paper during preparation. Do not write on the Instruction Card. You may begin now."
  - 2. Allow three minutes for preparation.
- C. During the oral assessment (2 minutes)
  - 1. Ask the student to give a short presentation:
    - "You are going to have your birthday party at home next Saturday. Tell the teacher how you will prepare for your birthday party. The picture on the right may help you. You will have two minutes to do the presentation. You may start now."
  - 2. If the student has difficulty giving his/her presentation, the Oral Examiner may give him/her only **two** of the following prompts:
    - Who will you invite?
    - What will you buy for the party?
    - What presents do you want?
- What will you eat?
- What games will you play?
- How will you make your home look special?

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
• Providing simple information and ideas, and attempting to provide some elaboration with the help of cues (IS, KS, ES)	4	<ul> <li>Provide plenty of information and ideas relevant to the topic.</li> <li>Communicate ideas very clearly.</li> </ul>	Do not penalize students for pronunciation or
	3	<ul> <li>Provide information and ideas relevant to the topic.</li> <li>Communicate ideas clearly.</li> </ul>	grammatical mistakes that do not interfere with the
	2	<ul> <li>Provide some information and ideas relevant to the topic with prompting.</li> <li>Communicate ideas quite clearly.</li> </ul>	communication of ideas.  • Bonus:
	1	<ul> <li>Provide information and ideas mostly irrelevant to the topic.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Provide limited information and ideas.</li> </ul>	Award a score level of 1 if the student has appropriate eye contact with the teacher
	0	<ul> <li>Provide information and ideas totally irrelevant to the topic.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Practically make no attempt at all.</li> </ul>	examiner.

BC Descriptor	Score Level	Descriptor	Remarks
<ul> <li>Using a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices to convey</li> </ul>	3	Use a small range of vocabulary, sentence patterns and cohesive devices with few grammatical mistakes.	No score     level will be     awarded if the     information or     ideas provided
simple information and ideas fairly appropriately with the help of cues despite some grammatical mistakes (IS, KS, ES)	2	<ul> <li>Use a small range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with some grammatical mistakes.</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Use a limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with a few grammatical mistakes.</li> </ul>	are irrelevant to the topic.
	1	Use a very limited range of vocabulary and sentence patterns with many grammatical mistakes.	
	0	Practically make no attempt at all.	
Pronouncing simple and familiar words comprehensibly	3	Speak clearly with very few mistakes in pronunciation.	
(KS)	2	Speak quite clearly despite a few mistakes in pronunciation.	
	1	Speak unclearly with many mistakes in pronunciation.	
	0	Make no attempt at all.	